



# First Quarter 2014 Earnings Presentation

May 7, 2014

## Safe Harbor

### Forward-looking statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements regarding future events and our future results that are subject to the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts, and projections about the industries in which we operate and the beliefs and assumptions of our management. Words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “predicts,” “projects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “continues,” “endeavors,” “strives,” “may,” variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. In addition, any statements that refer to projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth and trends in our businesses, and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned these forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause our actual results to differ materially and adversely from those reflected in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this release and those discussed in other documents we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). More information on potential risks and uncertainties is available in our recent filings with the SEC, including CyrusOne’s Form 10-K and Form 8-Ks. Actual results may differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements for any reason.

# Highlights

## First Quarter 2014

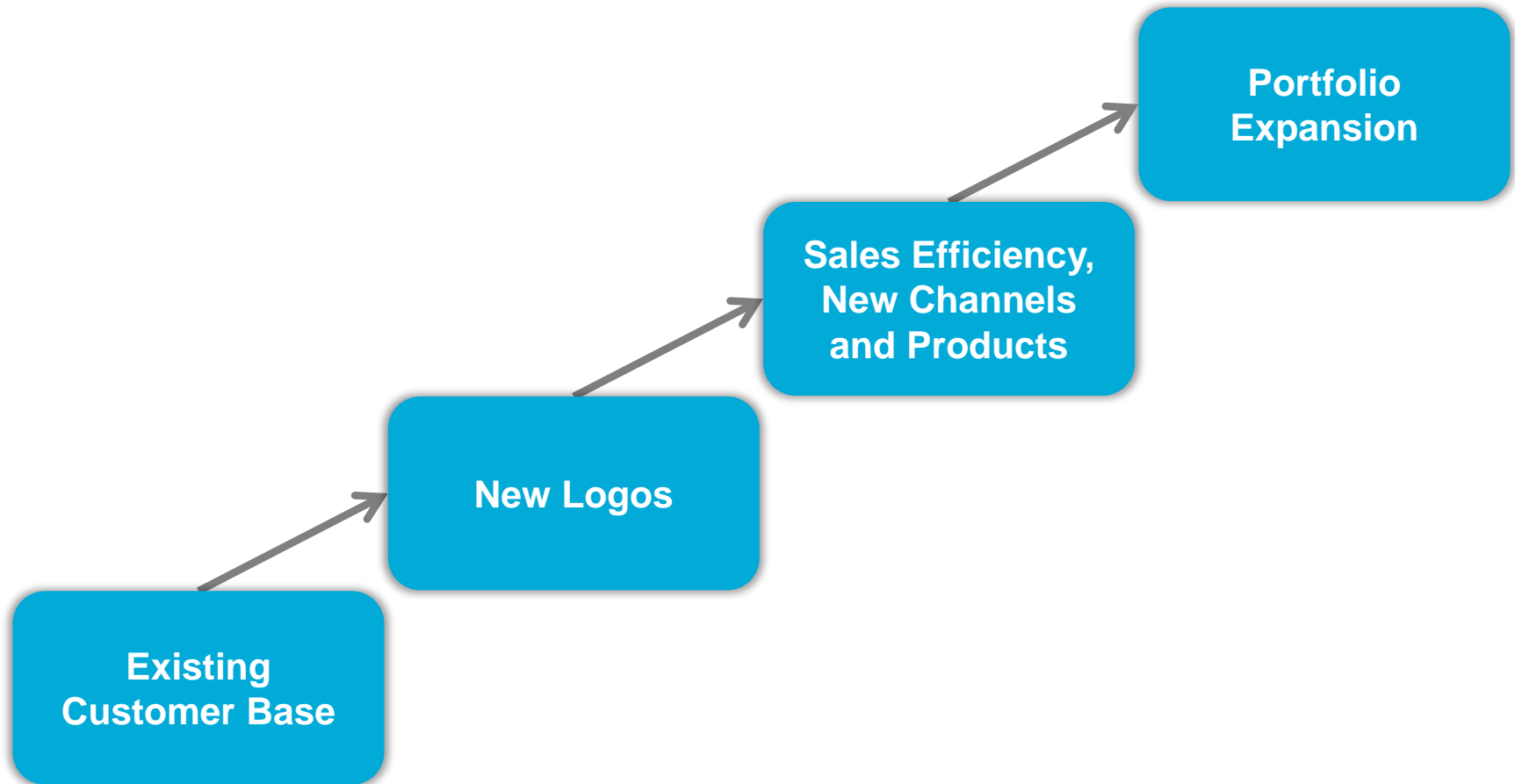
- First quarter revenue of \$77.5 million increased 29% over the first quarter of 2013
- First quarter Normalized FFO of \$27.2 million and AFFO of \$27.5 million increased 58% and 57%, respectively, over the first quarter of 2013
- First quarter Adjusted EBITDA of \$41.7 million increased 32% over the first quarter of 2013
- Launched CyrusOne Solutions, a product line tailored to solving unique customer requirements for large-scale and cutting-edge deployments of mission-critical IT assets through innovative engineering solutions
- Leased a record 100,000 colocation square feet<sup>(1)</sup>, including 41,000 square feet with a custom CyrusOne Solutions data hall build at the Phoenix facility
- Added six Fortune 1000<sup>(2)</sup> companies as new customers, increasing total number of Fortune 1000 customers to 135

**Note:**

1. Colocation square feet (CSF) represents NRSF currently leased or available for lease as colocation space, where customers locate their servers and other IT equipment. Net rentable square feet (NRSF) represents the total square feet of a building currently leased or available for lease, based on engineers' drawings and estimates but does not include space held for development or space used by CyrusOne.
2. Customer's ultimate parent is a Fortune 1000 company or a foreign or private company of equivalent size.

## Growth Drivers

Keys to delivering shareholder value



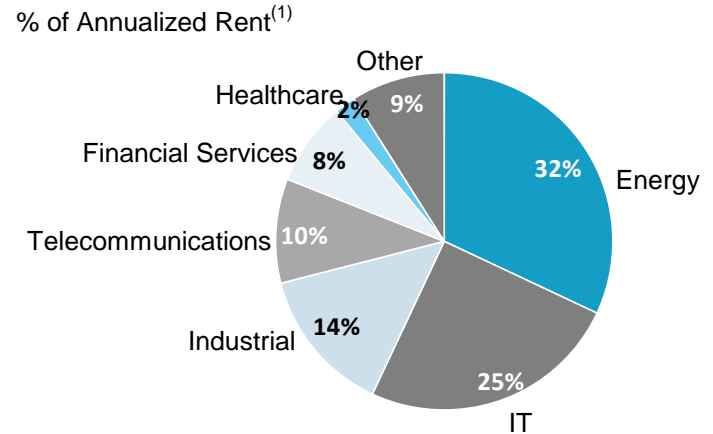
# Existing Customer Base

## Focus on Fortune 1000

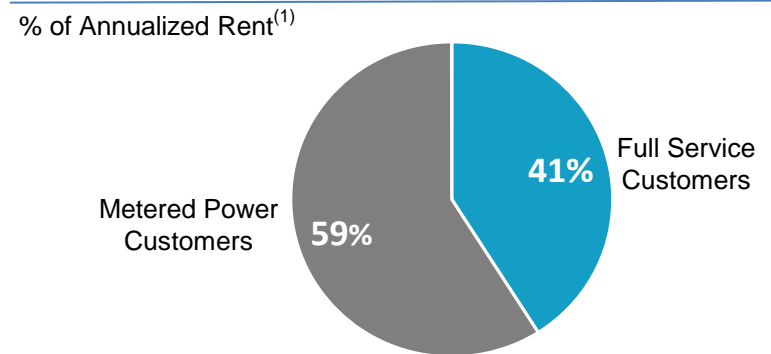
### Highlights

- 74% of annualized rent<sup>(1)</sup> from Fortune 1000<sup>(2)</sup>
- 57% of annualized rent<sup>(1)</sup> from investment grade customers
- 9 of Fortune 20 and 135 of Fortune 1000<sup>(2)</sup>
- Existing customer base represented approximately 55% of year over year annualized rent growth
- Strong presence in energy vertical
  - Need for data sharing = powerful network effects

### Revenue Diversity with a Geographic Niche



### Metered Power and Full Service

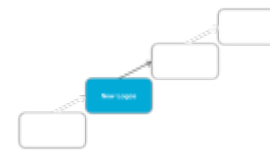


**Notes:**

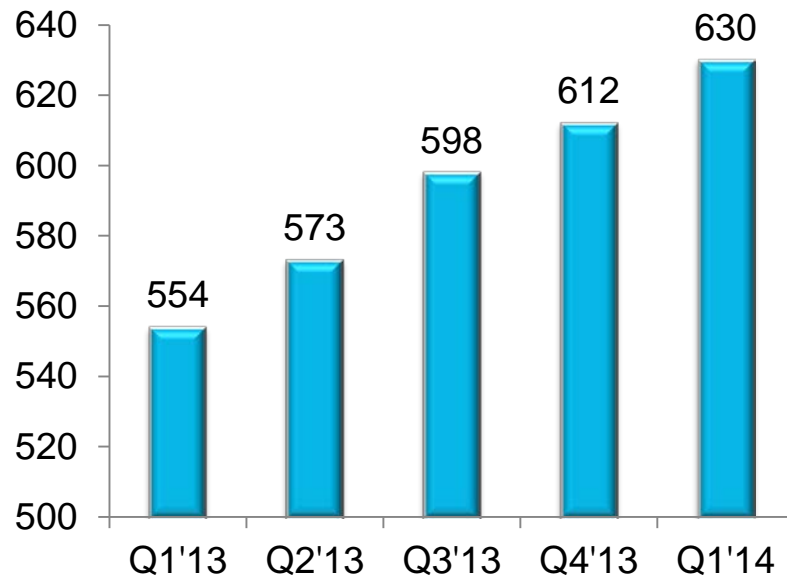
1. Annualized Rent represents monthly contractual rent (defined as cash rent including metered power reimbursements) under existing customer leases as of March 31, 2014, multiplied by 12.
2. Customer's ultimate parent is a Fortune 1000 company or a foreign or private company of equivalent size.

# New Customers

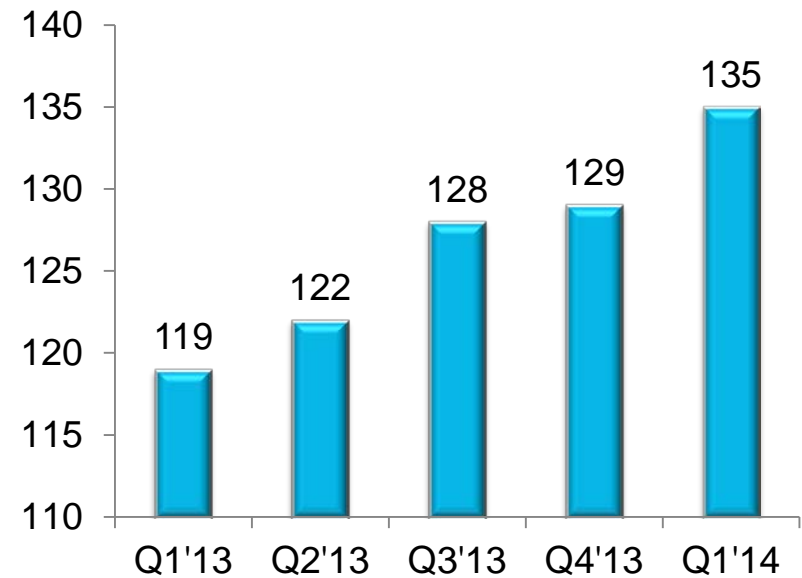
Steady growth in customer base



### Total Customers<sup>(1)</sup>



### Fortune 1000 Customers<sup>(1,2)</sup>



**Note:**

- 1. Customers as of quarter-end for each period, including customers that are under contract but have yet to occupy space.
- 2. Customer's ultimate parent is a Fortune 1000 company or a foreign or private company of equivalent size.

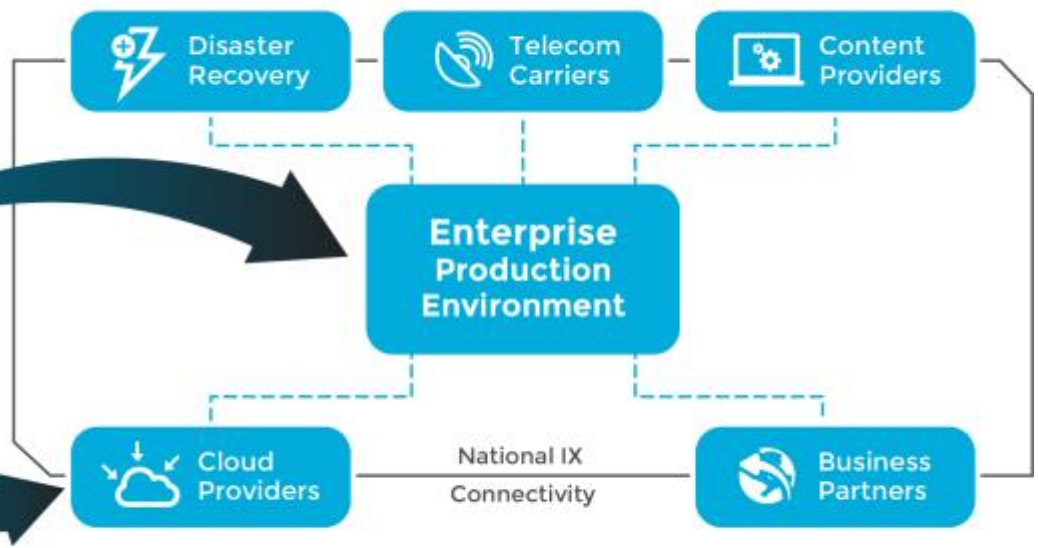
# New Customers

Cloud growth is catalyst for data center growth

## CyrusOne Ecosystem

### Application Uptimes Vary

Enterprise Applications	Uptime Requirements
Business Management Software	Continuous
Call Center and Customer Support	Continuous
Enterprise Messaging System (EMS)	Continuous
Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)	Continuous
Federal Resource Planning	Continuous
Help Desk System	Continuous
Online Commerce	Continuous
Supply Chain Management	Continuous
Website	Continuous
Mass Storage	Low
Test Development Environments	Low
Others	Low



CIOs of Fortune 1000 enterprises evaluate the most appropriate environment for specific applications...

...and CyrusOne is able to capture the growth of their data center requirements, both directly from the enterprise and indirectly through the growing footprint of cloud providers

# New Channels and Products



## Launch of CyrusOne Solutions

### What is CyrusOne Solutions?

- Product line tailored to solving unique customer requirements for large-scale deployments of mission-critical IT assets through innovative engineering solutions
- Customers can use either their own design or work with CyrusOne's experienced design team to build a customized solution

### Examples of Custom Solutions

- Development of a new data hall or optimization of an existing data hall
- Design, build, and delivery of an entire greenfield data center
- Strategic advice on data center technologies, site, deployments, and migrations
- Implementation of industry best practices, systems, and protocol developed through years of experience



Design



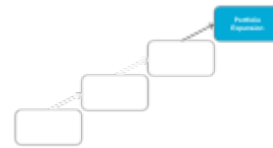
Develop



Deploy



# Portfolio Expansion



Development yields consistently in mid-upper teens

## Annualized NOI (\$MM)



## Inv. in Real Estate (\$MM)



Inv. in Real Estate, less CIP

Development Yield<sup>(1)</sup>



Able to maintain yield despite 32% increase in investment over last 6 quarters

- Development yield of 18% includes development properties that are not yet stabilized
- The yield for development properties is projected to improve over time as high fixed costs are allocated across incremental leasing

**Notes**

1. Development Yield is calculated by dividing annualized Net Operating Income (NOI) by total investment in real estate, less construction in progress.



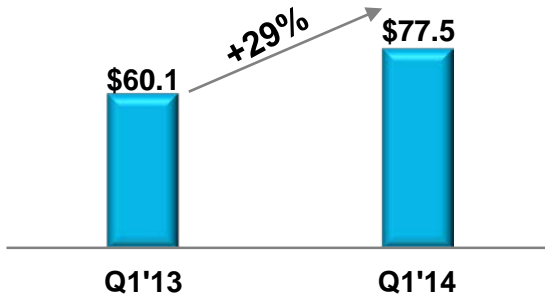
## First Quarter 2014 Financial Review

# Revenue

Continued strong growth driven by both existing and new customers

## First Quarter

(\$ in millions)

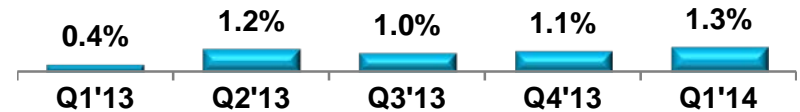


### Revenue growth of 29% driven by:

- Expansion of customer base to 630, an increase of 76 from Q1'13
- Existing customers, which accounted for 55% of rent growth
- Increases in leased CSF and annualized rent<sup>(2)</sup> of 34% and 29%, respectively, compared to Q1'13

## Consistently Low Churn

Recurring Rent Quarterly Churn<sup>(1)</sup>



### Leased 100,000 CSF<sup>(3)</sup> and 16.1 MW

- 93% of the CSF<sup>(3)</sup> was leased to metered power customers with a weighted average lease term of 64 months
- Excluding CyrusOne Solutions lease in Phoenix, 72% of new leases have escalators at a weighted average rate of 2.7%

### Churn continues to remain low

- Churn of 1.3% in Q1'14
- Renewed 15,500 CSF and 1.7 MW

#### Notes:

- Recurring Rent Quarterly Churn is defined as any reduction in recurring rent due to customer terminations, service reductions or net pricing decreases as a percentage of annualized rent at the beginning of the quarter, excluding any impact from metered power reimbursements.
- Annualized Rent represents monthly contractual rent (defined as cash rent including metered power reimbursements) under existing customer leases as of March 31, 2014, multiplied by 12.
- Colocation square feet (CSF) represents NRSF currently leased or available for lease as colocation space, where customers locate their servers and other IT equipment.

## Year over Year P&L Analysis

High growth rates across all key financial metrics

	Three Months Ended		Fav/(Unfav)	
	Q1 2014	Q1 2013	\$	%
Revenue	\$ 77.5	\$ 60.1	\$ 17.4	29%
Property operating expenses	27.7	20.1	(7.6)	-38%
<b>Net Operating Income (NOI)</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>25%</b>
<i>NOI Margin</i>	64%	67%		
Sales and Marketing	3.0	2.8	(0.2)	-7%
General and Administrative	7.3	6.9	(0.4)	-6%
Less: Non-cash Compensation	(2.2)	(1.2)	1.0	83%
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 41.7</b>	<b>\$ 31.5</b>	<b>\$ 10.2</b>	<b>32%</b>
<i>Adjusted EBITDA Margin</i>	54%	52%		
<b>Normalized FFO</b>	<b>\$ 27.2</b>	<b>\$ 17.2</b>	<b>\$ 10.0</b>	<b>58%</b>
<b>Normalized FFO per share<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.27</b>	<b>\$ 0.15</b>	<b>56%</b>
<b>AFFO</b>	<b>\$ 27.5</b>	<b>\$ 17.5</b>	<b>\$ 10.0</b>	<b>57%</b>
<b>AFFO per share<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.27</b>	<b>\$ 0.15</b>	<b>56%</b>

- Revenue growth of 29% over prior year
- NOI of \$49.8M, up 25% over Q1'13, driven by revenue
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$41.7M, up 32% over Q1'13, with a 2 percentage point increase in margin as fixed costs are spread over larger revenue base
- > 50% increases in Normalized FFO and AFFO primarily due to growth in Adjusted EBITDA

**Notes:**

1. Weighted average diluted common share or common share equivalents for Q1 2014 and Q1 2013 were 65.0 million and 64.5 million, respectively.

# Sequential P&L Analysis

Continued strong sequential revenue growth

	Three Months Ended		Fav/(Unfav)	
	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	\$	%
Revenue	\$ 77.5	\$ 72.3	\$ 5.2	7%
Property operating expenses	27.7	24.3	(3.4)	-14%
<b>Net Operating Income (NOI)</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>48.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>4%</b>
<i>NOI Margin</i>	64%	66%		
Sales and Marketing	3.0	2.6	(0.4)	-15%
General and Administrative	7.3	6.8	(0.5)	-7%
Less: Non-cash Compensation	(2.2)	(1.3)	0.9	69%
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 41.7</b>	<b>\$ 39.9</b>	<b>\$ 1.8</b>	<b>5%</b>
<i>Adjusted EBITDA Margin</i>	54%	55%		
<b>Normalized FFO</b>	<b>\$ 27.2</b>	<b>\$ 23.6</b>	<b>\$ 3.6</b>	<b>15%</b>
<b>Normalized FFO per share<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.37</b>	<b>\$ 0.05</b>	<b>14%</b>
<b>AFFO</b>	<b>\$ 27.5</b>	<b>\$ 20.8</b>	<b>\$ 6.7</b>	<b>32%</b>
<b>AFFO per share<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.32</b>	<b>\$ 0.10</b>	<b>31%</b>

- Sequential revenue growth of 7% driven primarily by strong leasing in prior quarters
- Higher property operating expenses due to portfolio expansion, property tax assessments and higher electricity prices and usage
- AFFO increase driven primarily by higher Adjusted EBITDA and lower leasing commissions and recurring capital expenditures

**Notes:**

1. Weighted average diluted common share or common share equivalents for Q1 2014 and Q4 2013 were 65.0 million and 64.6 million, respectively.

# Portfolio Overview

More than 1 million square feet leased

Market	As of March 31, 2014		As of March 31, 2013	
	CSF Capacity <sup>(1)</sup> (Sq Ft)	% Utilized <sup>(2)</sup>	CSF Capacity <sup>(1)</sup> (Sq Ft)	% Utilized <sup>(2)</sup>
Cincinnati	419,277	90%	395,815	92%
Dallas	231,958	99%	171,100	76%
Houston	268,094	80%	188,602	94%
Austin	54,003	79%	57,078	35%
Phoenix	77,504	93%	36,222	37%
San Antonio	43,487	100%	35,765	62%
Chicago	23,298	53%	23,278	49%
International	13,200	78%	13,200	70%
<b>Total Footprint</b>	<b>1,130,821</b>	<b>89%</b>	<b>921,060</b>	<b>81%</b>

## Capacity / Utilization<sup>(2)</sup> Highlights

- 23% increase in available CSF capacity<sup>(1)</sup> compared to March 31, 2013
- Utilization<sup>(2)</sup> up 8 percentage points versus March 31, 2013
- Commissioned approximately 41,000 CSF in Phoenix and 37,000 CSF in Houston in first quarter of 2014

## Q1'14 Capital Expenditures

- Total Q1'14 capital expenditures of \$49.7 million compared to \$52.6 million in Q1'13
- Major projects include:
  - Completion of two new data halls at our Houston West 2 location
  - Power capacity additions and CSF construction at our Dallas Carrollton location
  - First phase of custom data hall at Phoenix 1 location
  - Beginning of construction at San Antonio 2 location, expected to be completed in the second half of 2014

### Notes

1. Colocation square feet (CSF) represents NRSF currently leased or available for lease as colocation space, where customers locate their servers and other IT equipment. Net rentable square feet (NRSF) represent the total square feet of a building currently leased or available for lease based on engineers' drawings and estimates but does not include space held for development or space used by CyrusOne.

2. Utilization is calculated by dividing CSF under signed leases for available space (whether or not the contract has commenced billing) by total CSF.

## Net Debt and Market Capitalization

Continued low net leverage

(\$ Millions)	March 31, 2014
6.375% Senior Unsecured Notes due 2022	\$525.0
Capital lease obligations	15.5
Less:	
Cash and cash equivalents	(125.2)
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>\$415.3</b>
<b>Liquidity</b>	<b>\$350.2</b>

(\$ Millions except per share amounts)	Shares or Equivalents Outstanding	Market Price as of March 31, 2014	Market Value Equivalents
Common Shares	22.7 million	\$20.83	\$472.4
Operating Partnership Units	42.6 million	\$20.83	887.1
Total Equity Value			\$1,359.5
Net Debt			415.3
<b>Total Enterprise Value (TEV)</b>			<b>\$1,774.8</b>

- Net leverage of 2.5x<sup>(1)</sup>
- CyrusOne paid a dividend of \$0.21 per share and share equivalent on April 15 and announced a dividend for the second quarter of \$0.21 per share and share equivalent

**Notes:**

1. Calculated as net debt as of March 31, 2014, divided by Adjusted EBITDA for the last quarter annualized.

## 2014 Guidance

### Reaffirming guidance for full year 2014

Category	<i>(\$ Millions except for Normalized FFO)</i>	2014 Guidance
Revenue		\$305 - \$315
Adjusted EBITDA		\$160 - \$165
Normalized FFO per diluted common share or common share equivalent		\$1.55 - \$1.65
Capital Expenditures		\$280 - \$310
Development <sup>(1)</sup>		\$275 - \$300
Recurring		\$5 - \$10

**Notes:**

1. Development capital is inclusive of capital used for the acquisition of land for future development.



# 2014 Guidance

## Development plans on track

Market	YTD CSF Delivered	CSF Under Dev. <sup>(1)</sup>	Incremental Shell <sup>(1)</sup>	YTD UPS Capacity <sup>(2)</sup> Delivered	UPS Capacity <sup>(2)</sup> Under Dev.
Dallas	-	60K	-	-	9 MW
Phoenix	41K	-	110K	5 MW	5 MW
Houston	37K	-	320K	6 MW	-
Austin	-	5K	-	-	-
San Antonio	-	30K	115K	-	3 MW
No. Virginia	-	30K	115K	-	6 MW
<b>Total</b>	<b>78K</b>	<b>125K</b>	<b>660K</b>	<b>11 MW</b>	<b>23 MW</b>

### 2014 Development Projects

- Expected Q2 completion of 60K CSF and addition of 9 MW of power capacity at Dallas location
- Completed 5 MW of additional power capacity at Phoenix 1 location in early Q2 to support CyrusOne Solutions build
- Powered shell construction of Phoenix 2 triggered by lease up of existing inventory
- Construction of shell (320K NRSF) for Houston West 3
- Construction of shell (115K) and CSF (30K) and power capacity addition of 3 MW at San Antonio 2
- Construction of shell (115K) and CSF (30K) and power capacity addition of 6 MW in Northern Virginia

### Year-End Inventory

- 2014 development projects leave CyrusOne well positioned to capture future growth
- Estimated ~1.3M of CSF online and ~1.1M NRSF of powered shell available for future development by end of 2014

#### Notes:

- Represents square footage at a facility for which activities have commenced or are expected to commence in the next 2 quarters to prepare the space for its intended use. Estimates and timing are subject to change.
- Represents aggregate power available for lease to and exclusive use by customers from the facility's installed universal power supplies expressed in terms of megawatts. The capacity presented is for non-redundant megawatts, as we can develop flexible solutions to our customers at multiple resiliency levels.



## Appendix Non-GAAP Reconciliations

# Appendix

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

(\$ Millions)

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<b>Net Operating Income</b>			
Revenue	\$ 77.5	\$ 72.3	\$ 60.1
Property operating expenses	27.7	24.3	20.1
<b>Net Operating Income (NOI)</b>	<b>\$ 49.8</b>	<b>\$ 48.0</b>	<b>\$ 40.0</b>

	LQA Q1 2014	Three Months Ended		
		March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<b>Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted EBITDA:</b>				
Net income (loss)	\$ 2.8	\$ 0.7	\$ (3.8)	\$ (23.0)
Adjustments:				
Interest expense	42.8	10.7	11.5	10.9
Other income	-	-	-	-
Income tax (benefit) expense	1.6	0.4	1.1	0.6
Depreciation and amortization	110.4	27.6	26.6	21.7
Transaction costs	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1
Restructuring costs	-	-	-	-
Legal claim costs	-	-	-	-
(Gain) loss on sale of receivables to affiliate	-	-	-	-
Non-cash compensation	8.8	2.2	1.3	1.2
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	-
Asset impairments	-	-	2.8	-
(Gain) loss on sale of real estate improvements	-	-	0.2	-
Transaction-related compensation	-	-	-	20.0
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 166.8</b>	<b>\$ 41.7</b>	<b>\$ 39.9</b>	<b>\$ 31.5</b>

# Appendix

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations (cont'd)

(\$ Millions)

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<b>Reconciliation of Net Loss to FFO and Normalized FFO:</b>			
Net loss	\$ 0.7	\$ (3.8)	\$ (23.0)
Adjustments:			
Real estate depreciation and amortization	22.2	20.0	15.9
Amortization of customer relationship intangibles	4.2	4.2	4.2
Customer relationship intangible impairments	-	-	-
Real estate impairments	-	2.8	-
Loss (gain) on sale of real estate improvements	-	0.2	-
<b>Funds from Operations (FFO)</b>	<b>\$ 27.1</b>	<b>\$ 23.4</b>	<b>\$ (2.9)</b>
Transaction-related compensation	-	-	20.0
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-
Transaction costs	0.1	0.2	0.1
Restructuring charges	-	-	-
Legal claim costs	-	-	-
<b>Normalized Funds from Operations (Normalized FFO)</b>	<b>\$ 27.2</b>	<b>\$ 23.6</b>	<b>\$ 17.2</b>
<b>Normalized FFO per diluted common share or common share equivalent</b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.37</b>	<b>\$ 0.27</b>
<b>Weighted average diluted common shares and common share equivalents o/s</b>	<b>65.0</b>	<b>64.6</b>	<b>64.5</b>
<b>Reconciliation of Normalized FFO to AFFO:</b>			
Normalized FFO	\$ 27.2	\$ 23.6	\$ 17.2
Adjustments:			
Amortization of deferred financing costs	0.9	1.3	0.6
Non-cash compensation	2.2	1.3	1.2
Non-real estate depreciation and amortization	1.2	2.4	1.6
Deferred revenue and straight line rent adjustments	(3.0)	(4.2)	(2.3)
Leasing commissions	(0.6)	(1.7)	(0.9)
Recurring capital expenditures	(0.4)	(1.9)	(0.3)
Corporate income tax (benefit) expense	-	-	0.4
<b>Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO)</b>	<b>\$ 27.5</b>	<b>\$ 20.8</b>	<b>\$ 17.5</b>
<b>AFFO per diluted common share or common share equivalent</b>	<b>\$ 0.42</b>	<b>\$ 0.32</b>	<b>\$ 0.27</b>